



**DR. HENNING**  
**WALLDORF GMBH**

USt-IdNr.: DE 811121748

Dr. Georg Friedrich Henning GmbH · Robert-Bosch-Straße 62 · D-69190 Walldorf

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

01/2026

**Product Information for Chloroethyl Dr. Henning<sup>®</sup>,  
a Medical Device according to EU MDR – 2017/745**

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Dear Sir or Madam,

According to Title I, Article 2, Paragraph 6(c) of Directive 1907/2006 shall Title IV of the aforesaid Directive („INFORMATION IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN“) not apply to final products in the form of Medical Devices , intended for the final user.

The attached information **IS NOT** a Material Safety Data Sheet, but rather a voluntary product information based on the format of a Safety Data Sheet, and provides information for transportation and storage purposes of Chloroethyl Dr. Henning **in bulks only**.

For handling of small volumes up to 175 ml apply both, the safety and user instruction as stated on each sales packaging and Patient Information Leaflet (PIL), enclosed to each sales packaging as well.

With kind regards,

Dr. Georg Friedrich Henning  
Chemische Fabrik Walldorf GmbH

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Chloraethyl Dr. Henning

Substance name: chloroethane  
REACH Registration Number: 01-2119487479-17-  
CAS No: 75-00-3  
Index No: 602-009-00-0  
EC No: 200-830-5

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Medical devices

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Dr. Georg Friedrich Henning, Chemische Fabrik Walldorf GmbH  
Street: Robert-Bosch-Straße 62  
Place: D-69190 Walldorf  
Telephone: +49 (0) 6227 / 1278                      Telefax: +49 (0) 6227 / 30481  
E-mail: info@henning-walldorf.com  
Internet: www.henning-walldorf.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number:

+49 (0) 6227 / 1278 Only available during office hours.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aerosol 1; H222-H229  
Carc. 2; H351  
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:



#### Hazard statements

H222                      Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H229                      Pressurised container: May burst if heated.  
H351                      Suspected of causing cancer.  
H412                      Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

P102                      Keep out of reach of children.  
P210                      Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P211                      Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  
P251                      Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

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#### Precautionary statements

- P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.  
P501 Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

Refrigerated liquefied gas. Contact with the product can cause cold burns or frostbite.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

- Sum formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl  
Molecular weight: 64,52 g/mol

#### Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name	Quantity		
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)			
75-00-3	chloroethane			100 %
	200-830-5	602-009-00-0	01-2119487479-17-	
	Flam. Gas 1, Liquefied gas, Carc. 2, Aquatic Chronic 3; H220 H280 H351 H412			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

#### Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
75-00-3	200-830-5	chloroethane	100 %
	inhalation: LC50 = 50,13 mg/l (vapours)		

#### Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

>= 30 % halogenated hydrocarbons.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

##### General information

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!  
When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

##### After inhalation

Provide fresh air. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.

##### After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

In case of frostbite, wash with plenty of water; do not remove clothing. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area.

##### After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

##### After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Immediately call a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).

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#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

##### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Extinguishing powder, Water spray jet  
In case of major fire and large quantities: alcohol resistant foam  
Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.  
In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen chloride (HCl) Pyrolysis products, toxic.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Full protective suit.  
Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

##### **Additional information**

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

##### **General advice**

Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Evacuate area.

##### **For non-emergency personnel**

Remove all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment.

##### **For emergency responders**

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Explosion risk.

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

##### **For containment**

Stop leak if safe to do so.

##### **For cleaning up**

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.  
Ventilate affected area.

##### **Other information**

Use only antistatically equipped (spark-free) tools.  
Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Safe handling: see section 7  
Personal protection equipment: see section 8  
Disposal: see section 13

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use personal protection equipment.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Do not spray on naked flames or any incandescent material. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. Draw up and observe skin protection programme. Protect skin by using skin protective cream. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.

#### Further information on handling

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed. Keep locked up. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaust at critical locations. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Oxidizing agent. Pyrophoric or self-heating substances. Hazardous substances that release flammable gases when in contact with water. Peroxides, flammable liquids. Other potentially explosive hazardous substances.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight

Maximum storage temperature: 50°C

Recommended storage temperature: 10°C - 35°C

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Medical devices

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	fib/cm <sup>3</sup>	Category	Origin
75-00-3	Chloroethane	100	268		TWA (8 h)	
75-00-3	Ethyl chloride	100	268		TWA (8 h)	

### 8.2. Exposure controls



#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaust at critical locations.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use eye protection according to EN 166.

##### Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

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IF exposed: Long-term (repeated)/Long-term (continuous):  
 Suitable material: FKM (fluoro rubber), Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber), NBR (Nitrile rubber)  
 Thickness of the glove material: 0,1 - 0,2 mm  
 Permeation time (maximum wear duration): 30 - 120 min.

Suitable material: FKM (fluoro rubber), Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber), NBR (Nitrile rubber), CR (polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber)  
 Thickness of the glove material: 0,3 - 0,8 mm  
 Permeation time (maximum wear duration): 120 - 240 min.

Unsuitable material: NR (natural rubber, Natural latex), rubber gloves.

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.  
 Respiratory protection necessary at: Vapour/aerosol or mist formation, insufficient ventilation, exceeding exposure limit values.

#### Thermal hazards

Flame-retardant protective clothing. Wear anti-static footwear and clothing

#### Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid (Aerosol)		
Colour:	colourless		
Odour:	like: Ether		
Odour threshold:	not determined		
Melting point/freezing point:	-138,3 °C	<b>Test method</b>	DIN ISO 3016
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	12,3 °C		
Flammability:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated.		
Lower explosion limits:	3,6 vol. %		
Upper explosion limits:	15 vol. %		
Flash point:	-43 °C		DIN 51755 / EN ISO 2719
Auto-ignition temperature:	510 °C		DIN 51794 / DIN EN 14 522
Decomposition temperature:	> 400 °C		
pH-Value:	not determined		
Viscosity / kinematic:	not applicable		
Water solubility (at 20 °C):	5,74 g/l		
Solubility in other solvents			
not determined			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	not determined		

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Vapour pressure (at 20 °C):	1342 hPa	DIN EN 12
Density (at 20 °C):	0,905 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 51757
Relative density:	2,31	
Relative vapour density:	not determined	
Particle characteristics:	not applicable	

#### 9.2. Other information

##### Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Heating may cause an explosion. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

##### Further Information

No information available.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from sources of heat (e.g. hot surfaces), sparks and open flames. heat. UV-radiation/sunlight.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent. Pyrophoric or self-heating substances. Hazardous substances that release flammable gases when in contact with water. Peroxides, flammable liquids. Other potentially explosive hazardous substances.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen chloride (HCl) Pyrolysis products, toxic.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

##### Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
75-00-3	chloroethane				
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 50,13 mg/l	Rat	Pre-supplier/manufacter	OECD 403

##### Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Suspected of causing cancer. (chloroethane)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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#### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact, Skin contact, Inhalation.

Active agent: oral

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

##### Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose	[h][d]	Species	Source	Method
75-00-3	chloroethane					
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 39 mg/l	72 h	Algae	Pre-supplier/man ufacturer	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Method	Value	d	Source	
	Evaluation				
75-00-3	chloroethane				
	OECD 301E	> 53	28	Pre-supplier/manufacturer	
	Biodegradable.				

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product has not been tested.

#### BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
75-00-3	chloroethane	4,08		Pre-supplier/manufactur er

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product has not been tested.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

#### Further information

Avoid release to the environment.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Disposal recommendations

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

140602 WASTE ORGANIC SOLVENTS, REFRIGERANTS AND PROPELLANTS (EXCEPT 07 AND 08); waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants; other halogenated solvents and solvent mixtures; hazardous waste

#### List of Wastes Code - used product

140602 WASTE ORGANIC SOLVENTS, REFRIGERANTS AND PROPELLANTS (EXCEPT 07 AND 08); waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants; other halogenated solvents and solvent mixtures; hazardous waste

#### Contaminated packaging

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Land transport (ADR/RID)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	UN 1950
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	2
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	-
Hazard label:	2.1
Classification code:	5F
Special Provisions:	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E0
Transport category:	2
Tunnel restriction code:	D



### Inland waterways transport (ADN)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	UN 1950
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	2
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	-
Hazard label:	2.1
Classification code:	5F
Special Provisions:	190 327 344 625
Limited quantity:	1 L
Excepted quantity:	E0



### Marine transport (IMDG)

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<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	UN 1950
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	2.1
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	-
Hazard label:	2.1
	
Marine pollutant:	-
Special Provisions:	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
Limited quantity:	1000 mL
Excepted quantity:	E0
EmS:	F-D, S-U

#### Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	UN 1950
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	2.1
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	-
Hazard label:	2.1



Special Provisions:	A145 A167 A802
Limited quantity Passenger:	30 kg G
Passenger LQ:	Y203
Excepted quantity:	E0
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	203
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	75 kg
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	203
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	150 kg

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Warning: Flammable gases.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 75

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions: 100 % (905 g/l)

Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

##### Additional information

Aerosol Directive (75/324/EEC).

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#### National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

#### Additional information

Observe in addition any national regulations!

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Gas: Flammable gases

Aerosol: Aerosol

Liquefied gas

Carc: Carcinogenicity

Aquatic Chronic: Chronic aquatic hazard

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging

EU: European Union

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals

REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals

UN: United Nations

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

SVHC: Substance of Very High Concern

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimates

BCF: Bio-Concentration Factor

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

DIN: Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V. (German Institute for Standardization)

EN: European Standard

ISO: International Organization for Standardization

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 %

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50 %

LL50: Lethal Loading, 50 %

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

EC50: Effective Concentration 50 %

M-Faktor: Multiplication Factor

EL50: Effect Loading, 50 %

ErC50: Effective Concentration 50 %, growth rate

M-Faktor: Multiplication Factor

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

ADN: Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par voies de Navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations

EmS: Emergency Schedules

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

IE: Industrial Emissions

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LQ: Limited Quantity

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MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail

TI: Technical Instructions

#### Key literature references and sources for data

For abbreviations and acronyms, see: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, chapter R.20 (Table of terms and abbreviations). (v.1.2, 2013)

#### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Further Information

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.